The annual cost of treating patients has been steadily rising against diseases.

The increase has been driven by factors such as aging population, increasing prevalence of chronic diseases, and rising healthcare costs. The NHG (National Healthcare Group) polyclinics have 27,000 patients who are newly diagnosed with a diabetes mellitus (DM) every year. The risk of death among diabetes patients is almost 40%, Prof Choo said. The patients had a mean age of 60.1 years.

Since 2012, the number of new diabetes patients has gone up to 7,800 in 2017. Kidneys functioning at less than 50 per cent cannot fully clear toxins, and the person is at risk of kidney disease and failure.

This, in spite of serving a population that grew from 2,674 in 2012 to 3,000 in 2017, compared with the national average of 3,000.

The number of diabetes patients had been increasing by about 5 per cent a year from 2010-2013. This moderated to 6 per cent in 2014, and in 2015, the number rose by just 4 per cent. It has been increasing by about 17 per cent annually in 2017, a slowdown from the 30 per cent in 2016, according to these figures from the NHG.

The group, which serves a population of about 1.2 million, has seen an increase of five per cent in the past year. This is a marked slowdown from the double-digit growth seen in previous years. The NHG has been keenly watching its fight against diabetes.

While the number of diabetes patients continues to rise, the number of nurses has been falling. This is both in terms of new nurses as well as existing nurses who suffer complications or die.

For example, over the past few years, it has shown the rate of turnover for nurses is more than 10 per cent per year. The number of nurses to patients fell to less than 50 per cent of its capacity in 2017, in comparison to 60 per cent in 2010.

For the next 30 years, the senior chartering manager with a shipping line in the north, under the Khoo chartering manager, said the NHG is planning to increase the number of nurses from the current 10 to 15 nurses per 100 patients.

The NHG continues to see a high number of new diabetes patients. When this was told to him, he said, is that nurses needs more space, says, for patients to be treated.

In addition, the NHG claims that the number of new diabetes patients has been going up each year, and they are now over 300,000 patients.

According to the NHG, diabetes patients have at least one complication, such as anemia, heart disease, stroke, or amputation.

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Wanbao readers have said they appreciate the bigger font size and easier-to-read content, says the editor.

NHG slowly winning its fight against diabetes

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